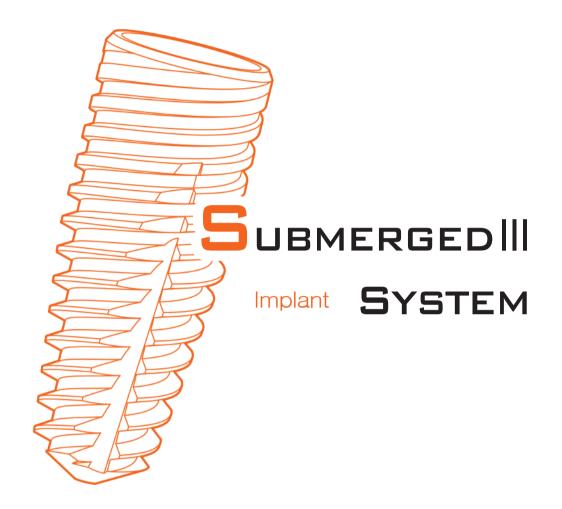
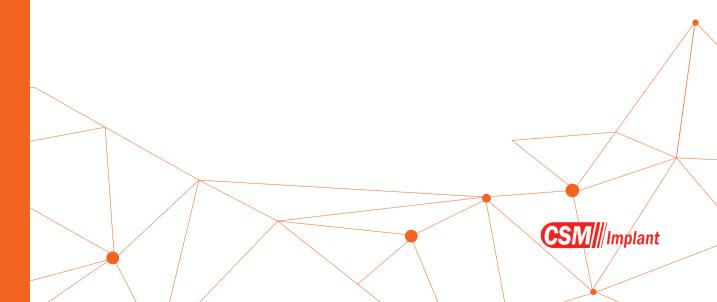


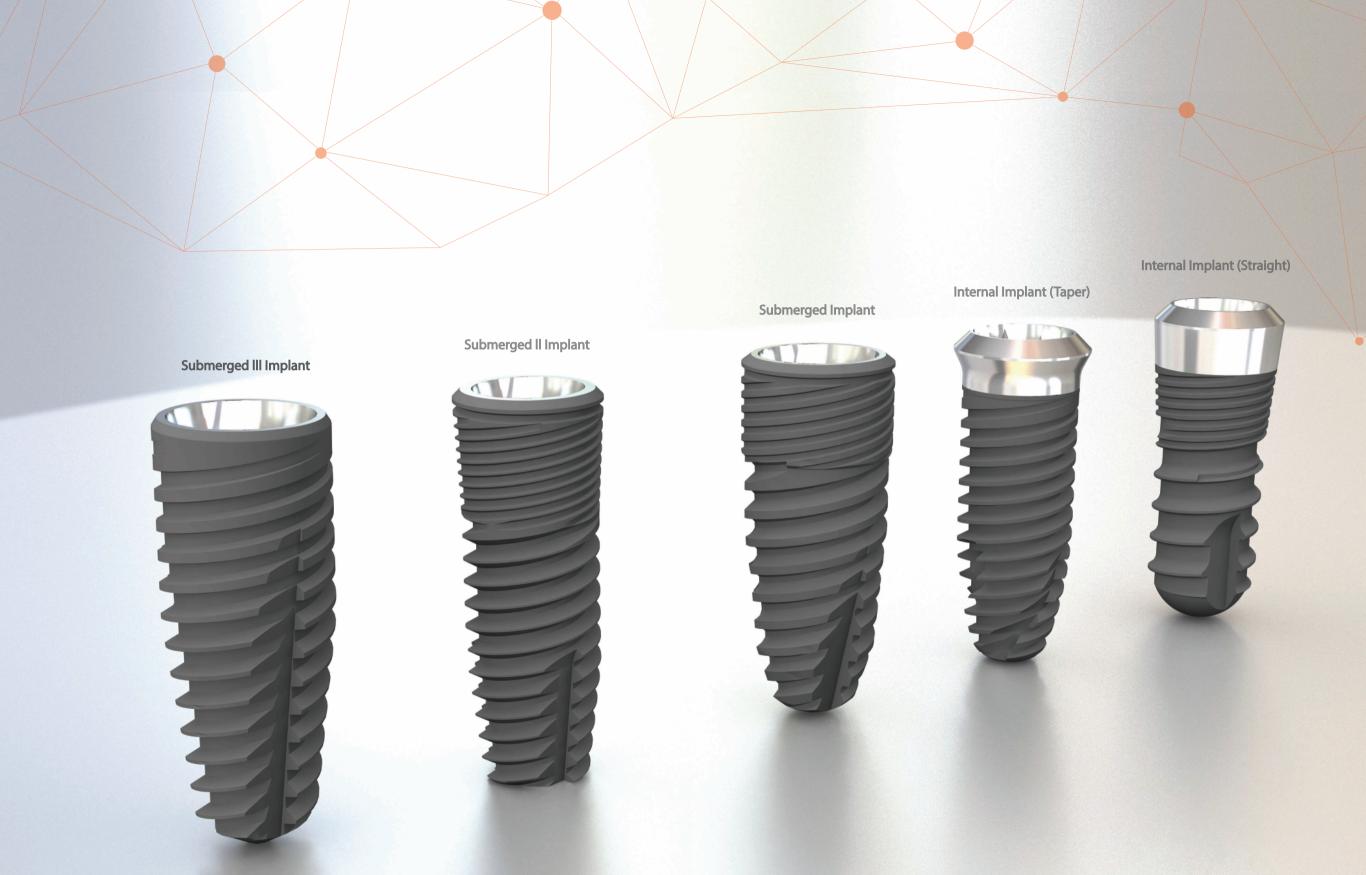
#### **CSM Implant**

47, Gyeongdae-ro17-gil, Buk-gu, Daegu, Korea (Bokhyeon-dong, B205, B201 Techno B/D, Kyung-Pook National Univ.) Tel:+82-53-952-8261 Fax:+82-53-958-8261

SIIIC-Rev02\_AH/04







#### **Contents**



P14

**Fixture** 



#### P16

**Cover Screw** 



#### P17

Healing Abutment





## P20

Impression Coping (Pick-up)



#### P22

Impression Coping (Transfer)



#### P24

Fixture Analogue



#### **P26**

Temporary Abutment



#### P28

Cementation Abutment



#### P30

Milling Abutment



#### P32

15° Angled Abutment



#### P34

20° Angled Abutment



#### P36

Angled Abutment Easy



#### P38

UCLA Abutment



#### P39

Cr-Co UCLA Abutment Abutment Level Impression

**>>** 



#### P42

Octa Abutment



P43

Protector Cap



#### P43

Impression Coping (Pick-up)



#### P43

Octa Abutment Analogue



#### P44

Temporary Cylinder



## P45

Cementation Cylinder



## P46

Cr-Co UCLA Cylinder



Surgical KIT >>



## P50

Retainer Abutment

P55

Drill



#### P51

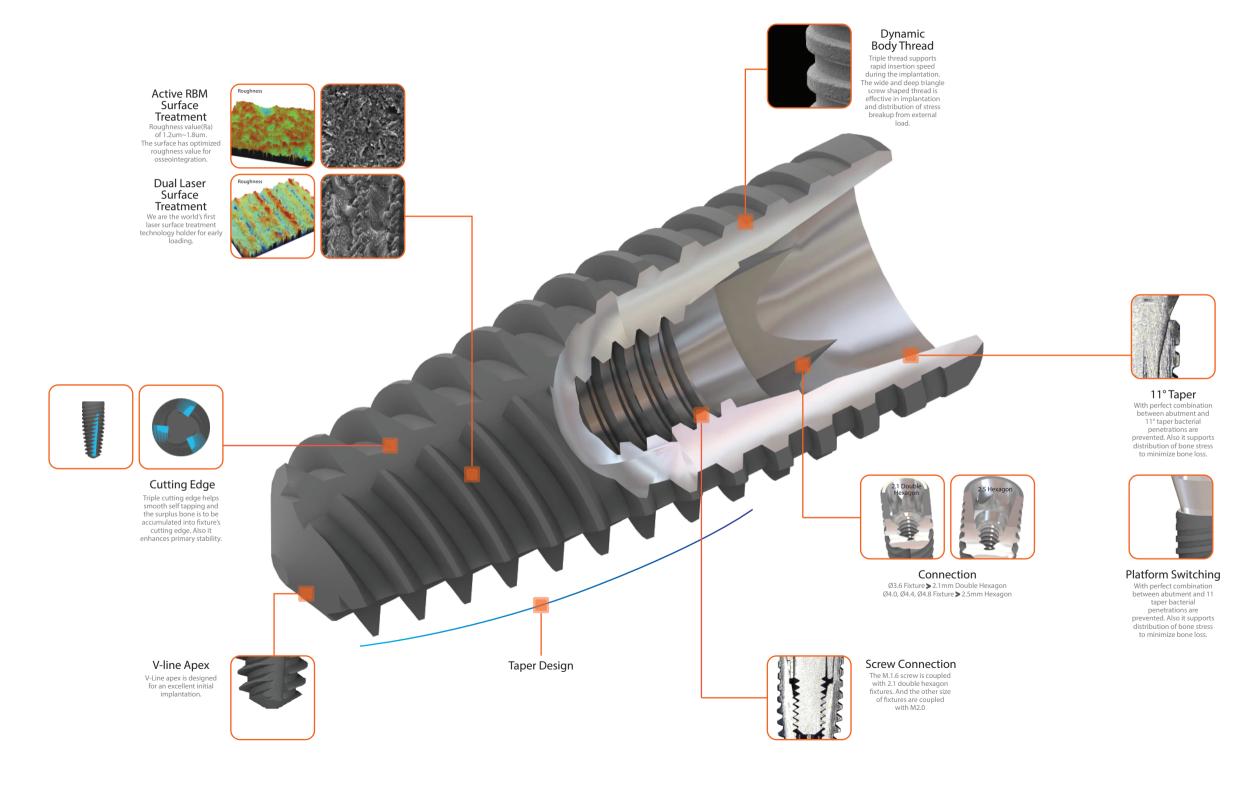
Retainer Cap & Retention Male



P55

Driver

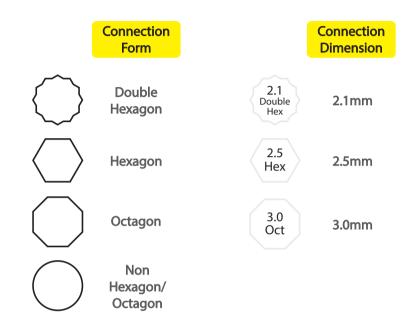
## **Fixture Features**



# **Fixture Line Up**



## **Connection & Select Guide**







# Package System





Check the size of fixture and pull out the product from the box.



Rip off the paper on plastic case and pull out the ampoule.



Hold plastic ampoule and rotate the cap to open.



 ${\it Check\ inside\ of\ fixture.}$ 



Pull out mountless driver carefully after it firmly combined with fixture by moving mountless driver right and left direction in the fixture.



Implantation. (Use CSM mountless driver softly in right and left way till it firmly combined with fixture)



Hold up the ampoule cap and remove cap cover.

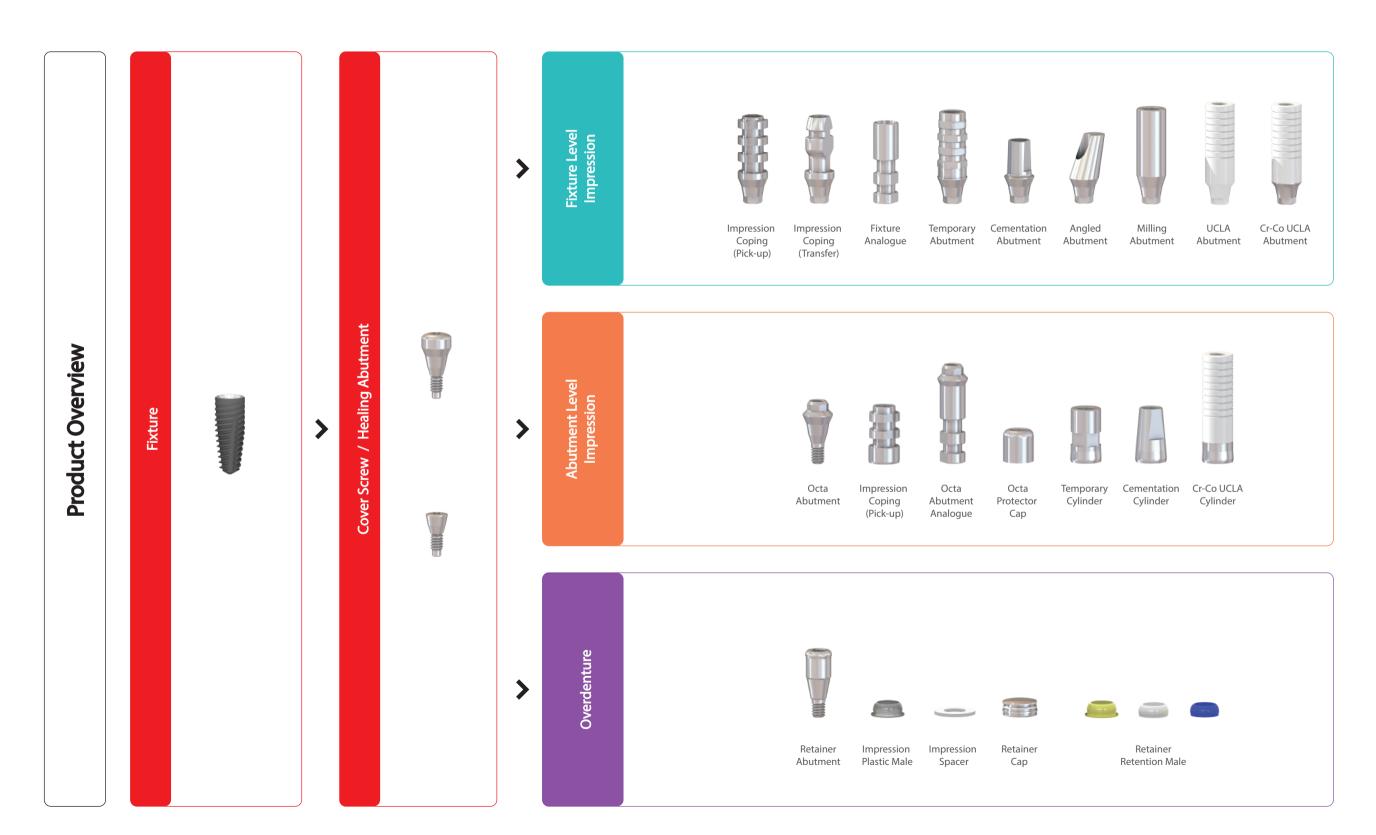


Use CSM torx driver and connect the screw and tighten coupling of the cover screw into the fixture.

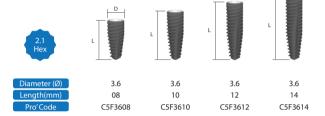
## **KIT**

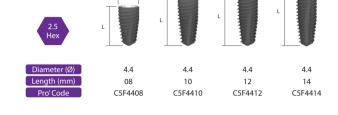




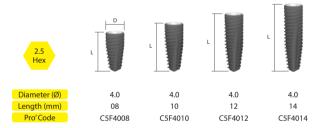


# Fixture Fixture

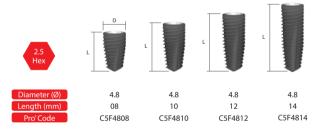












## **Cover Screw**









2.83 CCS283



Torque: 5~10Ncm

# **Healing Abutment**









2.5





1.5 CHA4015

CHA4025

3.5 CHA4035

4.0 4.5 CHA4045







3.35 CCS335



Torque: 5~10Ncm

























2.5

CHA5525





















2.5 CHA6525

3.5 CHA6535

4.5 CHA6545



# **Flowchart**





Cementation

Abutment





Abutment



Abutment





UCLA Abutment

Cr-Co UCLA ent Abutment



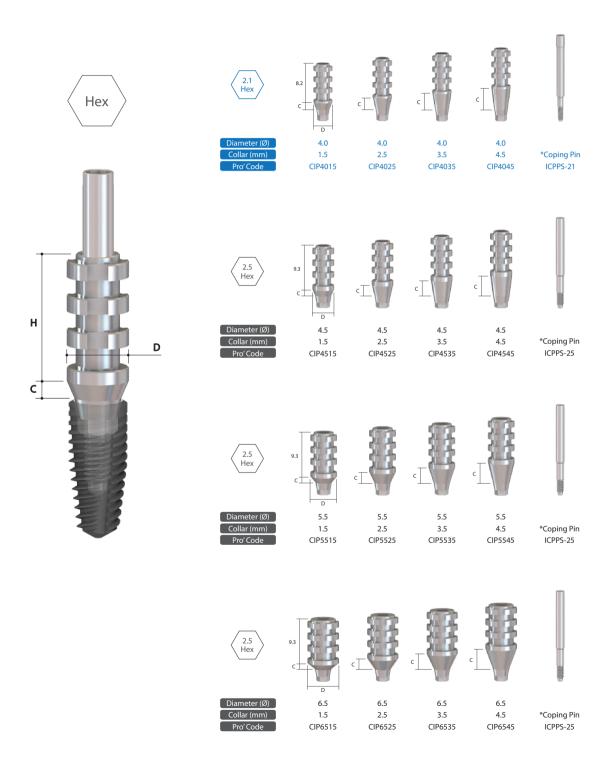




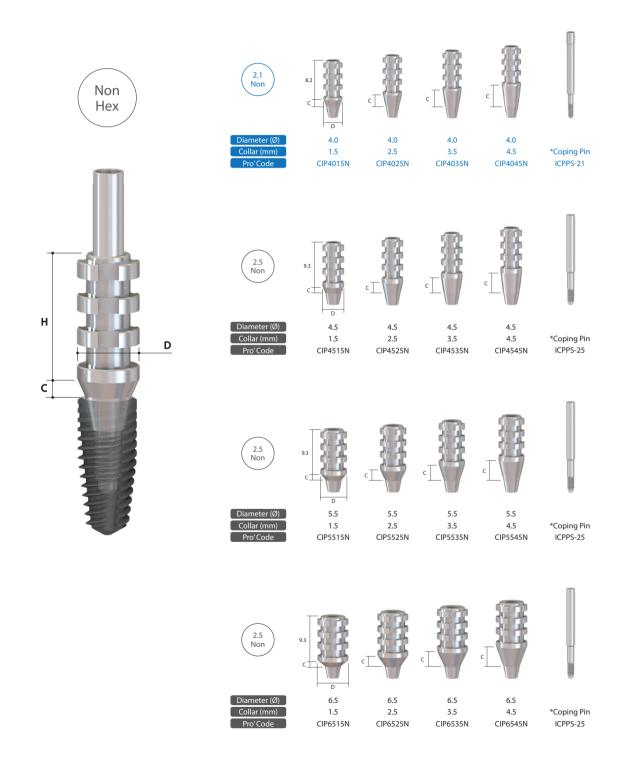


**Fixture** 

# **Impression Coping** [Pick-up] Hex



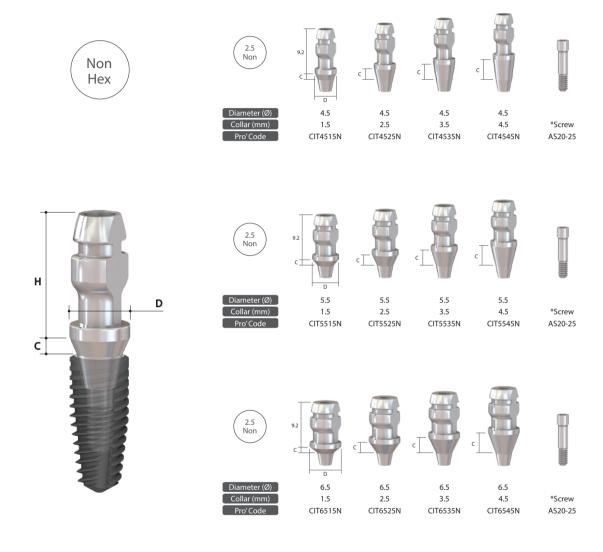
# **Impression Coping** [Pick-up] Non-Hex



# **Impression Coping** [Transfer] Hex



# **Impression Coping** [Transfer] Non-Hex



# Fixture Analogue













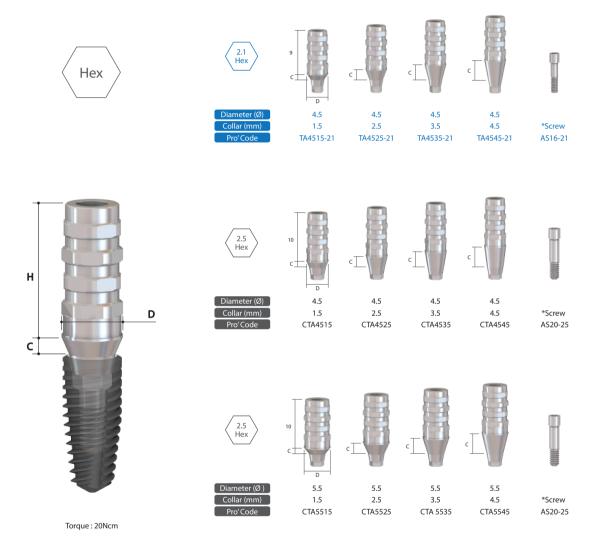




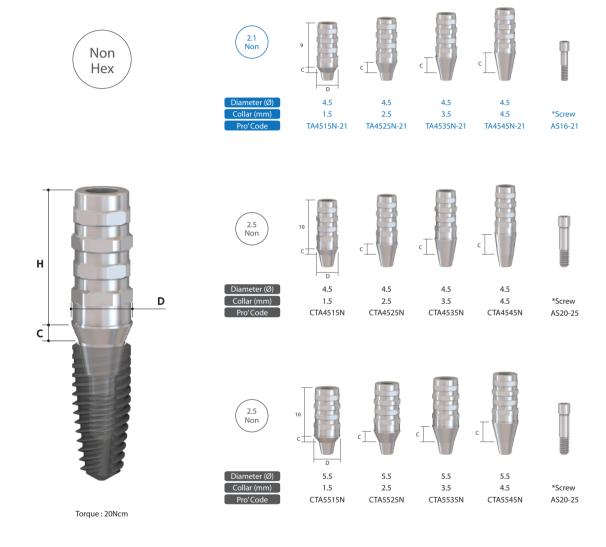




# **Temporary Abutment** [Hex]



# **Temporary Abutment** [Non-Hex]



## **Cementation Abutment** [Hex]













## **Cementation Abutment** [Non-Hex]







1.5

CCEA4015N



2.0

CCEA4020N



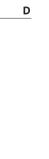
3.5



\*Screw CCEA4035N AS16-21











Diameter (Ø)
Collar (mm)

Collar (mm)





4.5

1.5

CCEA4515

1.5

CCEA5515

2.0

CCEA4520

2.0

CCEA5520

2.5

CCEA4525

2.5

CCEA5525

4.0 2.0 2.5 CCEA4020 CCEA4025

3.5 CCEA4035

3.5

CCEA4535

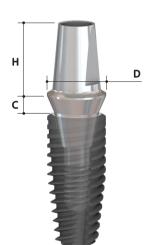
3.5

CCEA5535



\*Screw

AS20-25













2.5

CCEA4025N











CCEA6535N



AS20-25









# Milling Abutment [Hex]













1.0 MA4510-21

1.5 3.5 MA5515-21 MA6535-21

AS16-21









CMA45









\*Screw AS20-25

# **Milling Abutment** [Non-Hex]











MA4510N-21

1.5 MA5515N-21 MA6535N-21

3.5

AS16-21





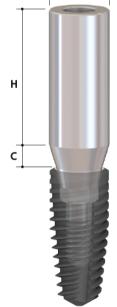




3.0

CMA65N

\*Screw AS20-25



Torque : 30Ncm

Torque : 30Ncm



# **15° Angled Abutment** [Hex]



Torque: 30Ncm







AA451515-21 AA452515-21 AA453515-21 AA454515-21

2.5

2.5













AA451515N-21 AA452515N-21







AA453515N-21 AA454515N-21

AS16-21













AA551515-21 AA552515-21 AA553515-21 AA554515-21

5.5 3.5











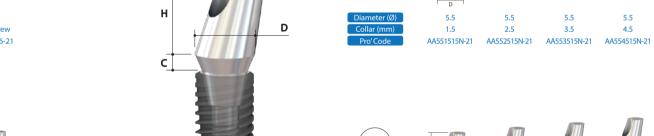








AS16-21









3.5

CAA453515N



\*Screw

AS20-25

2.5



Torque: 30Ncm



2.5







AS20-25





CAA551515



3.5

CAA553515



CAA554515

AS20-25

3.5 2.5 CAA551515N CAA552515N CAA553515N CAA554515N



2.5

CAA552515

# **20° Angled Abutment** [Hex]









AA452520-21

2.5



AA453520-21 AA454520-21





20° Angled Abutment [Non-Hex]







AA451520N-21







AA453520N-21 AA454520N-21

AS16-21







AA451520-21



AA551520-21 AA552520-21 AA553520-21 AA554520-21















2.5

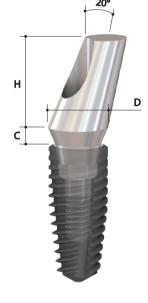
AA551520N-21 AA552520N-21 AA553520N-21 AA554520N-21

AA452520N-21





AS16-21



Torque: 30Ncm











3.5

CAA453520

CAA553520

3.5









Torque: 30Ncm













\*Screw AS20-25







CAA551520



CAA552520





CAA554520











3.5

CAA453520N



CAA554520N



AS20-25

CAA551520N CAA552520N CAA553520N

# 15° Angled Abutment Easy [Hex]











Diameter (Ø)
Collar (mm)
Pro' Code

4.5 4.5 4.5 1.5 2.5 3.5 AA451515W-21 AA452515W-21 AA453515W-21

\*Screw AS16-21

# 20° Angled Abutment Easy [Hex]









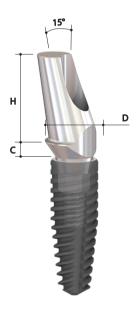


Diameter (Ø)
Collar (mm)
Pro' Code

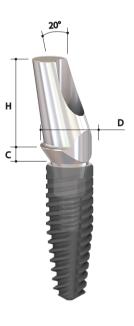
4.5 1.5 AA451520W-21

5 4.5 4.5 5 2.5 3.5 20W-21 AA452520W-21 AA453520W-21

\*Screw AS16-21



Torque: 30Ncm



Torque: 30Ncm

# **UCLA Abutment**

Torque: 30Ncm

# | Diameter (Ø) | 4.5 | Diameter (Ø) | 4.5 | Collar (mm) | 1.0 | Tolor (Collar (mm) | 1.0 | Tolor (mm) | 1.0 | Tolor (mm) | Tolo

# **Cr-Co UCLA Abutment**

Torque: 30Ncm





# **Flowchart**



Temporary Cylinder



Cementation Cylinder



Cr-Co UCLA Cylinder











**Fixture** 

## **Octa Abutment**













1.5 2.5 OA4515-21 OA4525-21

3.5 4.5 OA4535-21

OA4545-21



























1.5

COA4515





















2.5



3.5



# 15° Octa Angeld Abutment









4.5 1.5 OA451515-21









1.5 COA451515

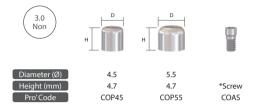


Torque: 30Ncm

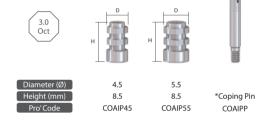
# **Octa Abutment System**

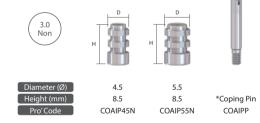
# H

#### \* Protector Cap

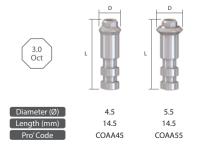


#### \* Impression Coping

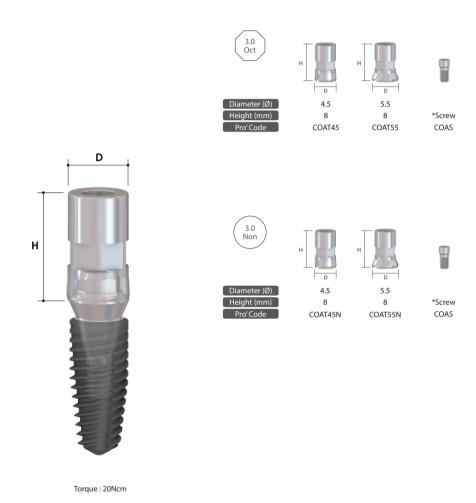




#### \* Analogue



# **Octa Abutment Temporary Cylinder**



\*Screw

COAS

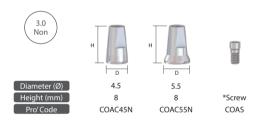
\*Screw

# **Octa Abutment Cementation Cylinder**

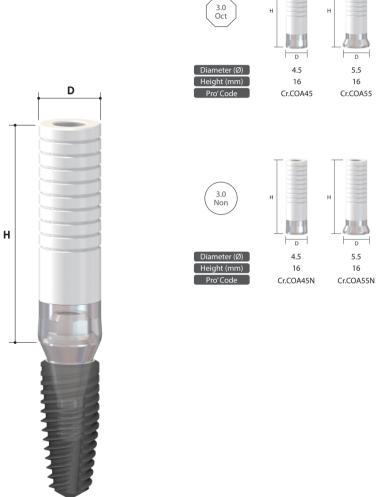




Torque : 20Ncm



# Octa Abutment Cr-Co UCLA Cylinder



Torque: 20Ncm



# 5ubmerged|||

Overdenture SYSTEM

# **Flowchart**









Retainer Cap

Retainer Retention Male





Impression Plastic Male Impression Spacer



**Retainer Abutment** 

**Fixture** 

Submerged III System

## **Retainer Abutment**















RA3910-21

RA3920-21 RA3930-21

RA3940-21

RA3950-21



Torque: 30Ncm

































CSRA3930



CSRA3940













3.9

CSRA3980



CSRA3990

10 CSRA39100

# **Retainer Abutment System**

\* Retainer Cap





2.4 CSRC

\* Retainer Retention Male



CSRP-Y









\* Retainer Impression Plastic Male



\* Retainer Impression Spacer



\* Retainer Magic Tool



















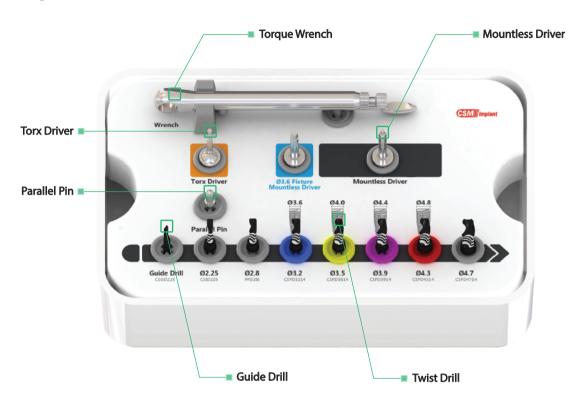




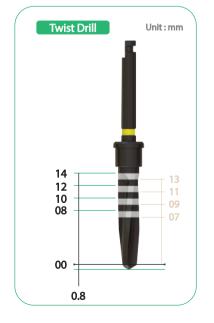
Submerged III Surgical KIT



# Component



# **Features**







# Component

No	Part Name	Picture	Diameter (Ø)	Length(mm)	Pro' Code
1	Guide Drill	D	2.25	34	CSGD225
2	Initial Drill		2.25	36	CSID225
3	Twist Drill		2.8	36	PFD28I
4	Twist Drill		3.2	36	CSFD3214
5	Twist Drill		3.5	36	CSFD3514
6	Twist Drill		3.9	36	CSFD3914
7	Twist Drill		4.3	36	CSFD4314
8	Twist Drill		4.7	36	CSFD4714
9	Parallel Pin		Hand	26	CSPP2030
10	Torx Driver		Hand	26	TDH18
11	Mountless Driver (2.1 Double Hex)		Hand	24	MDH14-21
12	Mountless Driver (2.5 Hex)		Hand	26	MDH14-25
13	Torque Wrench	N GSS house	Hand	85	TWI/RWI

Submerged III System 5

#### **Instruction For USE**

#### 1. Product Description

The CSM Submerged III Implant System includes various one-stage fixtures and two-stage fixtures made of titanium. These implants are inserted into the upper and/or lower jawbone and served as a tooth root replacement providing a stable foundation for restorations.

#### 2. Precautions

Surgical technique for endosseous dental fixture implant requires special and complex procedures. Formal training for fixture placement is recommended.

Important: Determine local anatomy and suitability of the available bone for fixture placement. Thorough screening of prospective fixture must be performed. Panoramic and periapical radiograph for visual inspection are essential to determine anatomical landmarks, occlusal condition, periodontal status and adequacy of bone. Lateral cephalometric radiographs, computerized axial tomography and tomogram could be instructive. Appropriate radiography, direct palpation and visual inspection of the fixture site are necessary for planning or treatment prior to use fixtures.

#### 3. Directions for use

The surgical procedure should be done under aseptic condition with specially designed sterile surgical instruments. The sterilized implants have to be delivered precisely from package to preparation site. An electrical surgical drilling system with internal or external irrigation is recommended. Prescribed drilling sequences (Guide drill – Pre-final drill - Final drill) or combination of surgical tools with 70Ncm torque power should be followed to make a hole in the jawbone and to place a fixture. In case of Hard Bone(D1) please use CSM D1 Drill or the drill of next diameter. Parallel Pin is used for measuring the direction and the depth of the hole. Fixture in the ampul should be placed up by using Mountless Driver and be planted into the bone. Handpiece or Ratchet Wrench is usable to plant. Insertion depth of CSM fixture shall be 0.2mm below than the bone level. When the fixture is fully seated, carefully remove Mountless Driver and place Cover Screw or Healing Abutment on the fixture. Then close tissue flap and suture it. The healing period will be 45~90days for lower jaw, 90~180days for upper jaw. (Don't lost balance in drilling work during operation)

#### 4. Usage and Storage

- · This product is disposable.
- · It should not be reused.
- · All the product package should be stored at low humidity and room temperature condition

#### 5. Caution

- · Surgical Complications: Implant procedure has risks such as localized swelling, dehiscence, temporary pain, edema, hematoma or bleeding. Numbness of the lower lip and jaw after mandible surgery and tissue beside the nose after maxilla surgery is a possible side-effect. It is a temporary nature, though the numbness lasts permanently very rarely. Gingival-mucosal (gum tissue) ulceration, tissue reaction, or infection may occur but it generally responds to local care.
- · After the procedure of implant treatment could be found swollenness of a specific part, rupture, temporary palpate sensitiveness, an edema, hematoma, bleeding.
- · Insensibility of lower jaw and lip, some side effects relating around the nose from maxillary sinus treatment may occur that is mostly temporary but rarely permanent paralysis could appear.
- Contraindications: Fixture should not be placed in case where the remaining jaw bone is too diminished to provide adequate width and height to surround the implant. Lack of osseointegration or subsequent implant failure may occur in cases insufficient bone available, poor bone quality, poor oral hygiene, heavy smoking, or under medical conditions such as blood disorders, infected HIV virus or uncontrolled diabetes.
- · Warnings (Wornings for possible side effects from the usage of medical devices): As fixture surgery and dental restoration involve complex surgical procedures, for safe and effective use of fixtures, specialized training is strongly suggested. Improper patient selection and technique can cause the fixture failure and/or loss of supporting bone. Wobble of fixture, bone loss, or chronic infection may cause fixture failure. If the fixture becomes contaminated by the patient's body fluids in any way, the fixture cannot be used in other patient. Do not splint or bridge with natural tooth. Excessive force on the fixture will cause metal fatigue and can cause fixture fracture. Single stand or by fixtures are recommended.
- · Interaction: Dental fixtures are designed only for its use and must not be altered and converted in any way. The use of electro-surgical or laser surgical instruments around metallic fixtures and their abutments is not recommended due to the risk of electric shock and/or heat burn.
- · Usage for the aged or a pregnant woman: The aged, a pregnant woman, growth phase, an obese patient or a patient who had other case history shall be considered to perform an operation.
- · Warnings for application: A surgeon shall be followed instruction of the procedure for high success rate of implant surgery. Advert to not damage on nerves, diagnose concavity on lingual side of the submaxillary bone for preventing perforation of the submaxillary bone. Do not put over torque for preventing bone crack
- $\cdot \textbf{Caution of safety accidents: } \textbf{Take any possible stuffs away as combustibility materials or unsterilization devices from a patient and a surgeon. \\$

#### ■ Suitable location

Use the fixtures as [Ø3.6], [Ø4.0] for incisor(1,2,3) or premolar(4), [Ø4.4], [Ø4.8] for premolar(5) or molar(6,7).

#### ■ Package Check/Management

- · CSM Fixtures are sterilized with gamma radiation. If the sterilized package are/were damaged or opened, please do not use the products.
- Do not use the product after the expiry date written on the package.
- · Unpacked product by users cannot be returned to the manufacturer or distributor.
- · Manufacturer or distributor has no responsibility of any following matters for the products re-sterilized by users.

#### **KIT Case & Instrument Maintenance**

- 1. After operation, Immediately all the tools should be soaked in alcohol and removed bloodstain and any visible debris with a soft bristle brush.
- \*Before wash and sterilizing the Torque Wrench, Please disassemble the Wrench.
- \*Caution. Do not use hydrogen peroxide to prevent discoloration of Laser Marking and Coating.
- 2. The tools should be washed again with distilled water or running water.
- 3. Dry the tools completely with dry cloth or air.
- 4. Return the instruments to the appropriate locations in the surgical tray.
- 5. Sterilize with Autoclave and store the kit at room temperature. (temperature:132°C, duration:15min, Steam pressure:1.5)

#### \*Notes

The CSM surgical kit has a one year warranty and the maximum usage of the drills is 50 times.



